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HAROLD J. SNELL
JEWELLER

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The News

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HAROLD J. SNELL
OPTICIAN & JEWELLER

FOR CHRISTMAS GIFTS

VOL. 10 NO. 52

RED DEER, ALBERTA, JANUARY 20th, 1915

Subscription \$1.00 per year

Commands Fourth Artillery Brigade on Second Canadian Contingent.



Lieut.-Col. Walter James Brown of Aylmer, Ont., who will command the 4th Brigade C.F.A., consisting of the 14th, 15th, and 16th batteries and an ammunition column in the second contingent. Since 1891 he has been an officer of artillery attached to batteries at Guelph, Montreal and Toronto. In civil life Col. Brown is well known as a writer, contributing regularly to literary, military and scientific journals in Canada, Great Britain and United States.

On Belgian Battlefields in the Great European War

This is the title of the very latest European war pictures, which will be shown for the first time in Alberta at the Lyric Theatre on Wednesday and Saturday next. The pictures represent the first scenes of actual fighting brought to Canada, and were taken on the Belgian battlefields during the months of September and October by Edwin F. Weigle, staff photographer of the Chicago Tribune, whose fame as a war photographer has spread over the world because of his operations in the Mexican war. The most important feature of these motion pictures is the fact that they are the only pictures authorized by the Belgian Government, an exclusive arrangement having been made whereby fifty per cent. of the proceeds from these pictures will be turned over to the Belgian Red Cross for Belgian sufferers. How often after reading an account of the latest battle, have you pictured to yourself the terrible scenes that have been enacted during the past months in the great European theatre of war—the ruined towns and cities, the blood-stained battlefields with their hundreds of dead and wounded, the horrible shrieks screaming overhead, the never ceasing roar of heavy artillery, and the roar of the machine guns, and most of all, the thousands of half starved, homeless widows and children, seeking out a forlorn existence amidst the ruins of what were once their happy homes. The people of Red Deer will have an opportunity to witness these scenes, accurately reproduced, when the only really authentic war pictures are exhibited at the Lyric Theatre on Wednesday and Saturday next. The opening of the films shows a panoramic view of the city of Antwerp from the tower of Notre Dame Cathedral. The first real war shown is on the road to Alost; wounded soldiers are found along the road, and the photographer's automobile is filled with wounded who are hurried to the rear. Then comes artillery retreating. Closing up the retreat is an armored motor with several soldiers at the machine gun. Later the Belgians, receiving reinforcements, start an advance. A feature of great interest is the long line of machine guns pulled by dogs. In one light the picture shows the Belgians crossing a beet field, jumping over abandoned trenches, passing burning houses, hurrying on to Alost. On the outskirts of the town the camera meets hundreds of refugees hurrying terror-stricken from the advancing Germans. There are babies, bundles and two-wheeled carts everywhere. Scenes of a similar nature follow one another in rapid succession. Taken all together, these pictures comprise a striking object lesson on the horrors of war as it is being waged in Europe.

BIRTHS

At Red Deer, Tuesday, January 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Cusick, a daughter.

At Sylvan Lake, Thursday, January 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. Dr. J. F. Rousseau, a daughter.

At Sylvan Lake, Thursday, January 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Cusick, a daughter.

At Red Deer, Tuesday, January 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bowhay, a daughter.

War news is very scarce this week, and nothing of note has occurred to warrant much space---The Princess Pats, Canada's crack regiment, have been under fire, but it is denied that they lost 120 out of 200 in recent engagement They only lost a few, killed and wounded, and acted like old veterans---Great Preparations are being made for an early advance---Russia will have ten million men facing Germany in May---It is rumored that the second contingent leaves Calgary for England next week---With Russia at front door, Hungary is reported seeking separate peace with Allies---Turkish 11th Army Corps has been annihilated by Russians---Bread riots are reported in Vienna---Turkish Garrison is abandoning Adrianople.

Inaugural Meeting of School Board

W. E. Payne Elected Chairman

The first meeting of the Public School Board was held in the Board room, Saturday afternoon last, when, as it was impossible for Dr. Saunders and Munro present. W. E. Payne and R. L. Gaetz, the newly elected members, took the oath of office, and were duly and properly installed.

DEPUTATION FROM CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Carswell and Aldermen G. W. Smith, a deputation from the City Council, waited upon the Board to ask them to bring down their estimates as soon as possible for the year, as it was impossible for the City Council to bring down the city's estimates until they knew what the school expenditures would be. Owing to the financial stringency, it was necessary to save in every possible way, and civic servants from the Mayor down had had a reduction of salary, and the City Council was reducing expenditure in every conceivable way, and they hoped the Board would help the good work along by working with the Council in looking off any expenditure that could possibly be saved to the city. It was suggested that a saving might be made by appointing the Chief of Police a trustee officer and it was true that the present Secretary could not hold office, the work might be done by the city at a nominal cost.

The Secretary said no word had been received by the land office that he could not hold the position of secretary, and he had himself heard nothing of it. He thought it might only be newspaper talk. W. E. Payne, chairman of the Board, in answering the deputation, gave a detailed account of the aims and objects of the Board. They fully intended not to spend a cent more than was absolutely necessary, and while believing in economy, they could not afford to hurt the efficiency of the school staff by reductions. Salaries were not too high and it was not to be expected that the teachers would accept a twenty per cent. reduction. They had already been reduced five per cent., when it was not generally known. It was necessary that the present standard of education be maintained and the pupils given a fair chance. It was their intention to have the estimates down by the end of the month so as to show the bank what was needed for running expenses, etc. It would be a mistake to sail too close to the wind, to keep down taxation, for a reduction in the grant would have to be made up in taxes. They would be glad to have pointed out to them where they were spending too much money. He believed they were getting the best return for their outlay of anything he knew, and were working for the best interests of the city. The City Council were welcomed by the Board at any of their meetings, and any suggestions from them would be carefully considered. This was a bond of \$5,000, the premium to be

when both should work hand in hand. In regard to the Secretary's work, it was being well and faithfully done, and while it was costing \$100 per year, they were getting good value for their money. The time would perhaps come when a superintendent of schools was necessary, and the positions could be combined, but that would not be yet. He saw no reason to expect to make anything by shifting the work to the city office.

F. S. Simpson said it had been suggested to him that they prevent outsiders coming to the High School, and wanted to know if that was the wish of the Council. Mayor Carswell said, certainly not, he had not heard any criticism of that nature from the Council.

CORRESPONDENCE

A letter was received from Mr. Mackin, Secretary of the I.O.D.E., stating that the organization would present two medals for best students in history in Grades IX and X.

TRUANCY OFFICER'S REPORT

Investigations, from schools, 102; from sources, 2; absences other than truancy, 83; absences due to truancy, 11; unavailable for return, 10. Causes for absence—Sickness, 7; truancy, 11; indifference of parents, 4; over and under age, 1; left district, 7. Found and enrolled, 2; found at large, 10; notice of investigation sent to parents, 6; calls at schools, 122.

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts were passed: J. Malcolm, \$102.00, G. H. Lind say 75.00, Miss Charlie McKean 2.50, Cushing Bros. 3.20, R. J. Snell 17.05, McLean Bros. 7.00, Loves & Todd 75, W. Springmoot 80, Day Hardware 9.50, Western Agent 5.20, Smith & Gaetz 11.40, Hewson & Sons 94.50, D. A. McGill 46.80, News Pub. Co. 7.65, Gaetz-Cornett Co. 30.00.

COMMITTEES

The following committees were appointed: Property—Mr. Sanders, M. A. Munro.

Financial—F. S. Simpson, R. L. Gaetz.

Meetings—Second Wednesday in each month.

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS

The Board were of the opinion that Mr. Munro who had been Secretary for the past eight years, was a good officer and his work had been well done. There was no fault what ever to find with him. He had been paid \$15 per month for ten months of the year, but had intimated to the Secretary that he was willing to do the work for \$10 per month. The Board thought it would be advisable to try out the suggestion of the City Council that the work be done by the Chief of Police, and the following resolution brought in: F. S. Simpson moved—that M. A. Munro be re-appointed Secretary, Treasurer of the Board, and furnish a bond of \$5,000, the premium to be

Agricultural Society

The Directors of the Agricultural Society met in the Board of Trade offices on Saturday afternoon. President J. F. Day in the chair, with eighteen directors present.

Correspondence was received from W. J. Stark, Western Farmers' Association, enclosing copies of letters from Hon. Martin Burrell, and general freight agents of all western lines; E. L. Richardson, Calgary, Alberta Fair Association, re. annual meeting at Edmonton, Account of \$50.00, 1915 membership to Western Canada fair and racing circuit, ordered paid.

Vice-President Bjorkland was appointed delegate to the annual fair meeting.

The matter of 1914 membership grant not passed by Department of Agriculture, was left in hands of Vice-President Bjorkland to take up with Superintendent when at Edmonton.

That this Agricultural Society endorse the project as outlined by W. J. Stark, Secretary W. C. F. M. Association, pertaining to Dominion Government aid to exhibitors, and that the Society will be pleased to receive the support of Dr. M. Clark, M.P., and that a copy of letters of Messrs. Stark and Burrell, together with copy of this resolution, be forwarded to him for his consideration. Carried.

Mr. Bjorkland reported as to resolution named by Helms Association, rating; Red Deer exhibition as one of the three leading fairs in the province.

Day appointed Messrs. Coote, Cunningham and Carswell a nominating committee to nominate an executive for the year.

Executive—E. W. Bjorkland, W. E. Lord, F. W. Galbraith, R. B. Welliver, W. J. Gaetz, H. W. Wall, A. P. Olsen were appointed a prize list revision committee.

W. E. Lord, R. B. Welliver, and President Day were appointed a committee to interview Council for grant for 1915.

Race committee—W. T. Coote, J. N. Tilden, R. B. Welliver, W. C. Donley.

Finance committee—President Day, R. B. Welliver, W. E. Lord, W. J. Gaetz, H. W. Wall, A. P. Olsen were appointed a prize list revision committee.

A resolution was carried, leaving the amount to be asked for from City Council in hands of executive. Meeting adjourned.

paid by the Board; the Sec-Treas. salary to be fixed at the next regular monthly meeting.

TRUANCY OFFICER

In regard to the position of truancy officer, the work had been done by D. Wright, and the Board were satisfied that he had made a good officer and his work had been well done. There was no fault what ever to find with him. He had been paid \$15 per month for ten months of the year, but had intimated to the Secretary that he was willing to do the work for \$10 per month.

The Board thought it would be advisable to try out the suggestion of the City Council that the work be done by the Chief of Police, and the following resolution brought in: F. S. Simpson moved—that M. A. Munro be re-appointed Secretary, Treasurer of the Board, and furnish a bond of \$5,000, the premium to be

Principal G. W. McKenzie, who was nominated to the Board, that he wished to leave at the end of this term. It was with great regret that he had to do so, but his health and his wife demanded it, and possibly for her sake he should have left 12 months earlier.

The Board expressed their individual appreciation of Mr. McKenzie and his services in the cause of education, and they sincerely regretted his resignation and the cause of it.

The Board then adjourned.

Four Turkish Ships Sunk by Russian Torpedo Boats

Detachment of Czar's Fleet Makes Raid on Bay of Sinope on the Black Sea.

SEBASTOPOL, Jan. 19.—A detachment of Russian torpedo boats have entered the Bay of Sinope, a Turkish port on the Black Sea, in Asia Minor, and have sent to the bottom a Turkish steamer and three sailing vessels. The crews of all four ships were saved. The name of the steamer appears to have been the Meorges. No date of this engagement is given. The news is trustworthy.

Red Deer Archdeaconal Meeting

Under the presidency of the Venerable Archdeacon Dewdney, the clergy of the Archdeaconry of Red Deer, which includes in its archdeaconry a part of the city of Calgary, completed a series of meetings on Friday last. The first conference was held on Monday afternoon and continued the same evening. Matters of business only were dealt with on this day, the clergy being addressed by Mr. Sidney Houlton, the treasurer of the diocese of Calgary. The work on Tuesday, as indeed on each day following, was presided by a celebration of Holy Communion at 8 a.m. in the Parish Church and Matins at 10 a.m. These services were held in the evening at 8 p.m. by the Rev. A. D. Currie, of Pine Lake. A paper on "The Bible as compared with the sacred literature of other religions" occupied the rest of the morning. This subject was introduced by the Rev. J. Phoenix, of Three Hills, and was excellently treated in a way which drew out wide and intelligent study. Evening service was held at 8 p.m., when Archdeacon Dewdney addressed the clergy. He dealt with their life as the ambassadors of Christ, laying grave emphasis on the need of watchfulness in the personal private lives and public ministrations and administrations of patrons. Wednesday was observed as "Quiet Day," the "Rule of Silence" being strictly kept. A series of helpful addresses were given by the Rev. Canon Boyd, of Edmonton. The rector of Red Deer, the Rev. W. H. F. Harris, presented the devotional study on Thursday, and the Rev. H. M. Shore, of Calgary, dealt with "Some Opportunities of the Church," in an address prepared paper. The evening session on this day was taken up with a discussion on "The death of the clergy." The debate was opened by the Rev. M. Holden, of Mirror, in a thoughtful and interesting paper, and was fruitful of practical suggestions. The concluding devotional study on Friday morning was in the hands of the Rev. L. A. Knight.

All meals were provided and served in the Parish Hall by Mrs. Dewdney, assisted by Miss Tryon, to both of whom presentations were made by the clergy, while a number of church people most kindly provided sleeping accommodation in their homes for the visitors. The next conference will start on Monday, April 12th.

The funeral took place yesterday at the Red Deer Cemetery. Rev. W. G. Brown officiating.

Death From Burns and Shock

Adam John Hardie (Wes Addie), the nine months old son of Adam McPherson, of Evans, late of Red Deer, met with a painful accident on Saturday afternoon last about 3 p.m., which resulted in his death, early Monday morning from shock. It appears that the little fellow was sitting on a goat skin on the floor playing, and while no one was looking, crawled to a three pound lead ball full of boiling water, which had been placed there for a moment, and pulled it over, the contents mainly falling over his legs, burning them so badly that the skin came off with his stockings. Mr. McPherson phoned into Red Deer for medical advice, which was carried out, but it being very cold, he did not bring the boy to the Memorial Hospital until Sunday morning. Everything possible was done to alleviate his sufferings, but he died from shock on Monday morning.

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MOUNTED RIFLES

Make Fine Showing at Drill

The ninety-two men enlisted by Major Gregory for the Mounted Rifles, Monday, January 11th, have turned out to be up to the high average of men enlisted from Red Deer and district. The next conference will start on Monday, April 12th.

Red Deer Hockey Club Special

The Red Deer Hockey Club are running a special train to the League game at Lacombe on Friday, January 22nd, between Lacombe and Red Deer. The train will leave the depot at 7:30 p.m., arriving at Lacombe just in time for the game, and returning immediately after. The fare for round trip, including reserved seat in rink, will be 50c; children 50c. Tickets can be obtained before hand at all principal business places in Red Deer and at the C.P.R. station. You had better get in the procession and see the excitement.

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Machine Gun in Action, Lyric Theatre To-night



Priests and Nuns in the Ruins at Antwerp, Lyric To-night

C.P.R. Time Table

(Changed Sept. 27th)

Going South—	Leaves at 3:35	Arrives at 11:10
Arrives at 11:10	Leaves at 11:20	Arrives at 18:10
Going North—	Leaves at 3:35	Arrives at 11:10
Arrives at 11:10	Leaves at 11:20	Arrives at 18:10

SUNDAYS.

Going South—	Leaves at 3:35	Arrives at 11:10
Arrives at 11:10	Leaves at 11:20	Arrives at 18:10
Going North—	Leaves at 3:35	Arrives at 11:10
Arrives at 11:10	Leaves at 11:20	Arrives at 18:10

Alberta Central Subdivision—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
Leave Red Deer at 10:30, returning arrive at 10:30.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORRY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

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McDowall & Sons
Municipal Market, Calgary
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Horses and Auto up-to-date in every way, and at your service

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ESTIMATES carefully furnished on all work.

Address:
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Phone 110 Box 456, Red Deer

BOTTLE OF PEACHES

Note in Jar of Preserves Brings Lover of Old Back to Sweetheart.

By H. M. EGBERT.

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)
People said that old Rogers was a miser, but that statement was incorrect. Rogers had been a miser. He had scraped and hoarded during thirty years of labor, so that now, though he was barely fifty years of age, he looked older. But Rogers had retired three months before, thanks to some wisely made investments, and now, with fifteen thousand dollars at his disposal, he was still living on in his little two-room flat on the East Side of New York, and trying to stretch his cramped imagination and plan his life anew.

Bitterly he regretted that he was an old bachelor without a friend or wife, sweetheart or child. His few acquaintances were men whom he had known casually in business, and the district tradesmen and sundry old fellows whom he met twice a week at his chess club over the delicatessen store on "Thirtieth street." But Rogers had lived his life exactly as he had planned it, and that is an incredible misfortune which deserves the most sympathetic consideration.

When Rogers was twenty, a young man newly arrived in the city from the little up-country village, where he had been born, he had made his resolution.

"I shall save every penny I can put by," he said to himself. "I shall save for seven years. And then I shall go home and marry some sweet girl."

But the seven years crept by and found Rogers with the fixed habit of his own creation, which he could not shake off. And long before the seven years were ended Rogers had made a second resolution.

"I shall work seven years longer," he said. "Then I shall go home to Egan. I shall be thirty-four then. That will not be too old to marry. Until I am rich, I will not tie any woman down to the hardships of married life on a tiny salary."

The second seven years lengthened into fifteen, twenty, thirty, and long before they were ended Rogers had forgotten his dream.

But of late, with his fifteen thousand dollars safely stored away in the bank, the dreams had revived. And then something happened—a little, insignificant thing—which brought color and new interest into his life.

Rogers had gone to the delicatessen store of his acquaintance, Holzapfel, to buy something for supper. He cooked his own supper upon a tiny stove in his apartment.

"I think," he said after he had made his purchases, "that I'll take some preserved fruit."

"Why, Rogers, you're becoming a spendthrift," a regular spendthrift, said Holzapfel jestingly.

Rogers patronized the old German from long habit. Holzapfel had fallen as sadly behind the times as he. His trade had dwindled and dwindled, his stock was incredibly old. Holzapfel nodded for hours in his store without a single customer entered the dingy little place.

"Well, I've got some preserved peaches," said the old fellow. "But they wasn't put up yesterday, Rogers. I can't say how fresh they are. I'll let you have them for a dime. They're home-grown, and they're worth twenty-five if they were fresh."

Rogers took the peaches and walked out of the store. The unusual was one of those glass jars with a ring round the stopper, such as are used by housewives in preserving. They are not seen so much in large cities in these days of canning factories.

The peaches were bad. But that fact had nothing to do with the case. For inside the jar was a little folded square of old paper. And in this, printed in a regular, small piece of paper, on which was written:

"Lucy Morrell, Egan, N. Y."

Old Rogers racked his brains. He could not remember the name of Egan named Morrell. But then he had not known anyone even in Egan.

But that evening the loneliness of his flat, the square of his surroundings, before, oppressed his spirit; and the very word Egan, which he had seen in the paper, made him homesick for the little town. In the end he sat down and wrote:

"Lucy Morrell: I found your note in the peaches."

A FAMILY REMEDY FOR MANY YEARS

Used "Fruit-a-lives" With The Best of Results.

GEORGE MCKAY Esq.
KIPKIN, ONT., June 17th, 1913.

"I have been using 'Fruit-a-lives' as a family remedy for many years. They are the best medicine I have ever tried. 'Fruit-a-lives' cure the most good—they never gripe their action is pleasant."

These troubles have left me completely and I give 'Fruit-a-lives' full credit for all this. A nice pill a man cannot take."

The enormous demand for "Fruit-a-lives" is steadily increasing, due to the fact that this wonderful fruit medicine gives prompt relief in all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Rheumatism, Chronic Headaches, and Neuralgia, and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. Sold by all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

advance or injury was possible only after the wire had been cut away, for which it was necessary to equip the men with "nippers." Even then, owing to the way which arose in clearing away the obstruction, considerable havoc was wrought in the ranks of the assailants.

The German wire was first brought into contact with the barbed wire method of defense in their attack of Liege. The dense masses of advancing infantry became trapped in this fearful net, and machine guns, commanding the entangled position, moved down the attack and to the rear.

It is reported that the formidable character of the Liege entanglements was enhanced by converting them into a huge electrocution machine. Another useful purpose which wire has fulfilled is in connection with the protection of trenches.

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A FAMILY REMEDY FOR MANY YEARS

Used "Fruit-a-lives" With The Best of Results.

GEORGE MCKAY Esq.
KIPKIN, ONT., June 17th, 1913.

"I have been using 'Fruit-a-lives' as a family remedy for many years. They are the best medicine I have ever tried. 'Fruit-a-lives' cure the most good—they never gripe their action is pleasant."

These troubles have left me completely and I give 'Fruit-a-lives' full credit for all this. A nice pill a man cannot take."

The enormous demand for "Fruit-a-lives" is steadily increasing, due to the fact that this wonderful fruit medicine gives prompt relief in all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Rheumatism, Chronic Headaches, and Neuralgia, and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. Sold by all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

advance or injury was possible only after the wire had been cut away, for which it was necessary to equip the men with "nippers." Even then, owing to the way which arose in clearing away the obstruction, considerable havoc was wrought in the ranks of the assailants.

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HIS TRAIN IS COMING IN

CITY BUILDING AND DULL TIMES

How to Make a City of 15,000 Population—It is up to the Canadian Consumer

In a speech delivered before the Sherbrooke Board of Trade, Mr. J. H. Sherrard, Vice-President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, made some striking statements about the "Made-in-Canada" movement.

After a general presentation of the arguments for the "Made-in-Canada" idea, dealing particularly with present conditions, Mr. Sherrard showed very conclusively what the practical application of the doctrine in the purchases of the everyday consumer would mean.

Adding Cities
Mr. Sherrard referred to Sherbrooke as an important city and said there were only twenty-two other cities in Canada as large or larger. Did they realize that if the boots now made in the United States and sold to Canadians were made in Canada, they would add another city to Canada, as large as Sherbrooke? Canada was thought to be a great paper-making country, but did they know that if the business men of Canada would specify Canadian paper for their stationery, they would add another town to the Dominion the size of Sherbrooke? They all knew the value of a busy woolen mill to a city, and yet when he, the speaker, asked his tailor to show him some Canadian tweeds he looked at him with a sort of pity and replied he did not make them yet. When asked to have some samples ready the next morning the tailor looked troubled and said the jobber from whom he bought his cloth did not carry Canadian sweats. After the tailor in question had been informed they would be very stylish next year, and that the speaker intended finding a tailor who could keep him dressed up to the minute, the samples arrived the next morning, and they were as good as any West of England cloth.

Made in Sherbrooke
In fact, they were so good that he was suspicious, and on asking the tailor he informed him they were made in Sherbrooke. One thing that impressed the speaker about his Canadian suit was that it cost considerably less than he had been accustomed to pay. So there was one of the chief obstacles to popularizing Canadian goods of a better class. The tailor did not make as much money as he could out of imported clothes.

THE MONEY YOU SPEND
STAYS AT HOME, KEEPS CANADIAN HANDS BUSY, MAKES ITS WAY AROUND A CIRCLE AND COMES BACK TO YOU IN INCREASED PROSPERITY.

RUSSIANS HATE GERMANY
Some Reasons For It, Too—Both Religious and Commercial
The Russian hostility to Germany is akin to the Russian dislike of the Jew. The Russian business man finds himself hopelessly outclassed by the town-bred German, with his keen attention to efficiency, to saving, to all the hand-to-hand business of the town. He has seen the business of their towns go into the hands of their German rivals.

As far as the peasants are concerned, the Germans are athletes, and for that reason the natural enemies of the most religious people in the world. In Russia it is said and believed that the English Church is very much like the Greek Orthodox Church, and the fact that this is not so does not prevent the Russians from believing it. The Russian have a very proud ancestry in Russia, and have deeply resented it. One of the first acts of the war was that of the Russian mob that tore down this flaunting challenge.

ONE LIFE FOR MANY
Savior on Mine Sweeper Sacrificed Himself to Save His Shipmates
During a gale that swept the North Sea, one of the trawlers engaged in mine-sweeping was seen to be in difficulties. One of the seamen, James Paton, was astride the gaff at the moment when a great wave caught the vessel, sweeping everything off the deck and carrying away the mainmast.

At this there was only one chance for those on board, and that was, of course, to cut everything clear. But James Paton was clinging, entangled, to the broken spar, and his mates saw that if they cut the tangle away poor Paton must go with it.

Paton. Seeing that the sacrifice of one might save many, he gave the signal, his mates saying: "Good-bye, mate!" and thus perished another humble hero on the roll of British fame.

Full of Years and Patriotism
B. A. Kryukov, the czar's oldest soldier, born in 1811, recently walked a distance of 120 miles with the avowed intention of enlisting as a volunteer, though he was not accepted. He lives in the village where he was born, and has in his time taken part in many campaigns, having begun his military career under the czar, Nicholas I. For his valor in the Polish war he was raised to the rank of sub-lieutenant.

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Dr. Plunkton, Dentist.
Northwestern University, Chicago Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Special attention given to all branches of Modern Dentistry.
Office in Smith & Gault Block, Red Deer. Phone 112.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Advocates, Notaries
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Money to loan on town and farm property.
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Graduate in Music.
Prepares pupils for the Toronto Conservatory Exams. in Piano and Theory.
Studio: Love Block, Room 7.

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C. A. Julian Sharman, R.A.A.,
ARCHITECT.
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Watchmaker, Jeweller and Optician.
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Auctioneer & Commission Broker, Red Deer
Farm and Town Sales Solicited. Several years experience. "Satisfaction Guaranteed."

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AUCTIONEER
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A. Rogers,
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Pianos and Organs. Tuning and Repairing a Specialty. Best of References.
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Honorary Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College.
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GAETZ AVE. SOUTH.

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WOOD

Why not try Hewson & Sons for Coal and Wood? The cheapest and best. —Best for cash only.

Nevis Coal - \$4.75
Saunders Creek Coal - \$6.00
Cardiff Coal - \$5.25
McGillivray Creek - \$5.75
Steam Coal, \$5.75

Wood - \$2.00
Special prices for large orders.
Store Coal guaranteed all lumps

Also
Drying and Team Work
of all kinds promptly done.

HEWSON & SONS
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COUNCIL MEETING

Report on Civic Salaries

The first regular monthly meeting of the Council was held on Thursday, January 14th, Mayor Carswell presiding, and following Aldermen present: Aldermen Botterill, Watson, Coote, Smith, Johns and Snell.

CORRESPONDENCE.

N. D. Keith wrote on behalf of the Alberta Ladies' College, thanking the Council for their action re. 1914 taxes, and enclosing a resolution passed by the Board: That the thanks of this Board be tendered the City of Red Deer Council for their kindness in rebating the College taxes for 1914. Filed.

PRATISE FOR RED DEER

VOLUNTEERS.
A letter was read from Capt. W. W. Piper, of G. Company, 31st Battalion, Second Contingent at Calgary (Red Deer Co.-company), thanking the Council and citizens, on behalf of his company, for the good things sent them for Christmas and New Year.

He wished to say, as officer commanding G. Company, that the boys were a credit, and he was proud to command such a company of good soldiers and gentlemen.

CITIZENS' BAND

CLOSE DOWN UNTIL APRIL.
A letter was received from Horace Meers, Secretary-Treasurer of the Citizens' Band, reporting that the annual meeting had been held Jan. 13th, at which it was decided to suspend meetings and practices until the first week in April. All instruments as per list were turned in, and all officers declared vacant except that of Secretary-Treasurer. Some members desired the use of instruments for the purpose of keeping in practice, and as there was no leader responsible, he awarded the Council's instructions.

Greene & Payne, Solicitors, wrote enclosing copy of a letter received from Ewing & Harvie, Barristers, Edmonton, re. Seymour & Dave account, due from the city.

Referred to Commissioners to report.
A. J. Russell asked for a rebate of taxes. After discussion, Aldermen Coote and Botterill moved that A. J. Russell be credited with \$25.00 on business tax. Carried.

LIBRARY BOARD.

J. F. Boyce, chairman of the Library Board, called the Council's attention to Section 9 of the Library Act, whereby the Mayor becomes ex-officio member of the Board, and that two members should be appointed to fill the positions vacant by the retirement of Aldermen Watson and F. C. Whitehouse. Filed.

Moved by Aldermen Watson and Botterill—that Aldermen Johns and H. C. Whitehouse be appointed members of the Library Board. Carried.

A letter was received from R. B. Owens, Provincial Engineer, enclosing Board of Health Certificate No. 99.

Medical Health Officer Sanders reported one case of typhoid fever.

PAID UNDER PROTEST.

The Great West Lumber Co. wrote enclosing cheque for \$50, amount levied against them for taxes for 1914. They considered themselves liable only for \$40, and paid the money under protest.

APPRECIATION OF WORK OF FIRE BRIGADE.

J. E. Walton, Sec.-Treas., of Red Deer, acknowledged receipt of account of \$36 from Chief Meers for services rendered at the Markle fire. After considering the account, the Council had decided not to receive same, but rather, in token of their appreciation of the assistance so promptly rendered by the City Brigade on this and other occasions, the sum of \$50 was voted as a contribution towards the expense of the Department.

The Calgary Hospital Board having claimed for services rendered Ernest Pinkbier, Commissioner investigated the case and found that the man was not a resident of this city. Calgary were asked to make further enquiries of the patient. This was done, and a reply received stating the man had owned up to never having resided at Red Deer, or any other place in particular, being somewhat of a wanderer. Commissioner Stephens always had doubts about the claims in this case and has consistently followed the matter up with the above result.

W.C.T.U. KICK AT BILLBOARDS DISPLAY.

A petition was received from Mrs. McMillan and other members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union asking for all advertisements relating to liquor firms to be removed from bill boards, as they considered them injurious to the morals of all young people.

COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

We submit herewith report of the Sanitary Inspector re. inspection and test of milk and cream. Tests made January 8th, as follows:
Milk—Hepworth & Trimbale, 3.4 butter fat; Red Deer Creamery, 3.2 butter fat.
Cream—Hepworth & Trimbale, 23. butter fat; Red Deer Creamery, 23. butter fat.

We discussed with Mr. Winslow, Sup't. of Western Branches, and Mr. Hapsey, local manager of Bank of Montreal, the question of financing for 1915, and have applied for sufficient credit to enable the City to finance for the year.
We are informed by Major Gaetz that it may be desired to build a

temporary stable near the armory to accommodate the horses for the Mounted Infantry Squadron. We recommend that the skating rink be offered to the Military Authorities for that purpose.

We beg to call attention to the fact that the agreement with the Western Electric Co., Ltd., for the operation of the waterworks system may be terminated in 1916 by giving the Company one year's notice in writing before June 1st, 1915, otherwise the agreement will continue in force until 1928.

We submit reports of Fire Chief, Medical Health Officer, Chief of Police and License Inspector for December.

We submit herewith statement of receipts and disbursements for December.

We submit accounts for your authorization to pay.

We submit for your further consideration a by-law levying a business license tax.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. A. CARSWELL,
A. T. STEPHENSON,
Commissioners.

ACCOUNTS.

Standard Drug Co. \$5.05, Ford Garage Co. 1.50, Smith & Gaetz 7.98, G. H. Harvey 3.40, McLean Bros. 20, Hepworth & Trimbale 20, Red Deer Hospital 49.50, Bank 4.50, Gaetz-Cornett Co. 2.55, West. Gen. Electric Co. 29.5, West. Gen. Electric Co. 18.85, G. Anderson 10.00, Day Hardware Co. 1.00, Meers, 7.60, D. A. McGill 3.00, Steam Laundry 1.30, Jos. Wallace 20.00, W. Springthorpe 5.85, Oushing Bros., Ltd. 35, West. Gen. Elect. Co. 1088.82, V. Houde 4.00, P. D. McCormick 15.08, Sec.-Treas. Sep. School 200.00, S. N. Carswell 20.00, Red Deer Hospital 49.50, Hewson & Sons 53.14, Herald Western Co. 15.50, Firemen's pay sheet 220.50.

GOVERNMENT CANNOT GIVE ASSISTANCE.

Mayor and Council of Red Deer: As members of your committee appointed to inquire into the provincial Government, with reference to some form of assistance in the unemployment problem, we beg to report as follows:

On the 6th instant we met Premier Sifton. Mr. Michener being unable to be present, and laid before him in detail the situation in Red Deer. We strongly urged upon him our claim for government assistance, (proportionate to that given to other cities, and in the same manner, to enable us to provide work during the remaining winter months.

While fully appreciating our situation, Mr. Michener stated that it would be impossible to recognize our claim as exceptional, and no aid could be granted as without granting it, the government would increase the debt of the province, which he said would be of the question.

We then presented to the Hon. Mr. Stewart, Minister of Public Works, a proposal re. building of the bridge over the C.P.R. tracks south of the city, and asked that in view of conditions, the government increase their grant of \$3,000 to \$5,000, and with the amount of \$1,000 voted by the city, undertake the construction of the bridge. Mr. Stewart stated that the government would not consider this proposal, and we left the Minister feeling encouraged that our request would be at least partially granted.

We handed you herewith a copy of a letter received from Mr. Stewart, embodying the government's decision on this matter, and which speaks for itself.

All of which is respectfully submitted on behalf of the committee.

S. N. CARSWELL,
R. WELLIVER.

REAR BRIDGE.
Dear Sir,—I have discussed the matter of the increased grant to your bridge, but find the members of the Government are not disposed to sanction it, as you will readily understand money is very tight with us. However, I might suggest you to permit construction even with the \$4,000. It certainly would be too bad to have the bridge not completed, but you must get it in the shape that undoubtedly some means could be found to finish it. I am sorry that we are not able to do any better for you, but we are in the stress of finding money these days. It is a pretty severe task, and while we are very anxious to assist you, we do not think it wise at this juncture to increase the amount promised, but would be glad to forward that amount should you decide to go on.

Yours very truly,
CHAS. STEWART,
Minister of Public Works.

Moved by Aldermen Watson and Botterill—that the report submitted by ex-Mayor Carswell, re. interview with members of government, asking for a grant of \$10,000, be adopted, and that the thanks of Council be accorded to them for their efforts. Carried.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CIVIC SERVICE AND SALARIES

The Mayor and Council,
City of Red Deer,
Gentlemen:

Your committee appointed to report on civic service and salaries beg to report as follows:

We recommend that the salaries of civic officials be as follows:
Mayor, \$800.00 a year.
Secretary-Treasurer, \$120.00 monthly.
Accountant, \$90.00 per month.

Fire Chief and Weighmaster, \$120.00 per month.
Chief of Police, \$100.00 per month.

Secretary Board of Trade, \$100.00 per month.



War Scene in Antwerp to be Shown at the Lyric Theatre To-night

al and Agricultural Society, \$100.00 per month.
1 Policeman, \$75.00 per month.
Sanitary Inspector and Police-
man, \$75.00 per month.
Solicitor, \$40.00 per month.
1 teamster, \$75.00 per month.
1 teamster, \$75.00 per month.

We recommend that the local Board of Health be requested to co-operate with the Police Department so that the Health Inspector do police duty while not on other work and thereby save one man.

As there is no immediate necessity for permanent employment of Foreman of Public Works or Parks Superintendent, we recommend that the question of filling these positions be left in abeyance until the necessity arises.

We recommend that the number of volunteer firemen be limited to 25. All of which is respectfully submitted.

The committee consisted of Aldermen Coote, chairman, and Aldermen Watson and Johns, and their report, carried out in its entirety, will save the city about \$2,200, but will entail the dismissal of one officer, whose work will be carried out by other officials.

The Mayor's salary being on a different footing to the city employees, Mayor Carswell volunteered a reduction of \$200. Commissioner Stephens was then down \$200 as Sec.-Treas., and \$300 as assessor, \$500 in all; Accountant Ayres is reduced \$120 per year; Fire Chief Meers is reduced \$180 per year; Secretary Board of Trade, Agricultural Society, etc., is reduced \$340 per year. The most prominent recommendation was that of giving the Chief of Police Aldermen's salary remains at \$100 per month, the Council feeling that it is not equitable to have an advancement if times warranted it. The two teamsters' salaries also remain the same as last year. The most prominent recommendation was that of giving the Chief of Police Aldermen's salary remains at \$100 per month, the Council feeling that it is not equitable to have an advancement if times warranted it.

The committee was that of having the sanitary officer's work carried out by combining the office of policeman and inspector, which would be saving on the year of about \$700. This question will be gone into by the Council and Medical Health Board. If he carried out it is necessary for the next couple of months. Aldermen Snell was not in attendance at this meeting, as he did not see how we were going to get efficient service, and he stood for efficiency all the time.

Aldermen Botterill, referring to the position of Mr. Mann as Secretary of the different Boards, said it was an open question whether it would be maintained, for it was probable that no exhibition would be held this year, as they were being put out in many places, and that there would be little work for the Board of Trade.

He believed in maintaining efficiency, but the committee did not appear to take into account Commissioner Stephens's service, they having reduced him 20 per cent. Aldermen Botterill further thought that the School Board should be invited to cut down expenses.

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REPORT OF FIRE DEPARTMENT

During the month of December there were two fires, with an average loss of 20.5 francs. There was practically no damage. One fire was caused by a metal chimney contrary to the by-law. This has since been replaced by a brick chimney. There was one false alarm, to which 19 men turned out. Four regular practices were held with an average attendance of 17 men.

The fire alarm was tested each week and found to be in good shape. The hydrants are tested daily, several of them being found to be out of order, and they are being repaired.

Most of the rubber boots are in bad shape, and a fire chief could weather the men and myself would be liable to suffer severely with our feet. I would recommend that six pairs be purchased immediately.

Weight scale receipts for December were \$17.60.

H. MEERES, Chief.

POLICE REPORT

For the month of December, 1914, we have no crime to record. It has been a month of quietness in regard to the police work. The element who travel from place to place have given us a wide berth, which will be noticed by the small number being given a job for the night. Most of them could be prosecuted, but they are allowed the privilege of clearing the city the next morning.

Impounded, 4 horses; persons given for the night, 18.

AUSTRIA HAD CHANCE OF TORPEDO MONOPOLY

Failed to Grasp the Importance of New Weapon, However, and Now All Nations Have Them

Destroyive as the torpedo has proved in this war, it might have been still more completely so as the allies are concerned if Austria had taken advantage of the opportunity offered her in 1870, and had become the sole owner of the modern torpedo.

The inventor of the modern torpedo was Captain Luppis, an Austrian, and it was to his Government that he first turned. While the Luppis embraced most of the features of the modern torpedo, it had one defect in the opinion of the Austrian critics. It did not steer itself, but was guided to its mark by means of a couple of lines which were held in the boat.

The defect Luppis found himself unable to correct, but he took his invention to Richard Whitehead, who was then the inventor of an engine factory in Fiume, and it was not long before Whitehead had produced the locomotive torpedo that steers itself independently of any boat.

Luppis then returned to his Government but still did not seize the opportunity. Instead it invited representatives of several European Governments to witness a demonstration of the new torpedo.

Great Britain sent an expert, and the result was that Britain acquired the rights to manufacture the Whitehead torpedo in England, paying \$60,000 to the inventor. Other Governments secured similar rights, and so it was that instead of the torpedo being a secret monopoly of one Government it is possessed by them all.

Like a Big Cigar.
A torpedo is a cigar-shaped metal cylinder, from 14 to 19 feet long, and weighing half a ton. It is divided into three parts, the front, the middle, and the rear. The front part is the "war head" filled with gun-cotton or some other powerful explosive, and this is discharged when it strikes the side of a ship.

Behind the war head is the air chamber containing the motive power which is used to propel the torpedo. This chamber contains air at a pressure of 2,250 pounds to the square inch.

Behind the air chamber comes what is called the "secret" valve. The first its workings were kept secret, and were only divulged when it was found that every expert knew about them.

The "secret" valve is really the brains of the torpedo. The "secret" valve keeps it at the depth under water which it is adjusted to run. This is accomplished by a hydrostatic valve, consisting primarily of a movable piston in the office of the chamber and made watertight by a rubber joint.

Inside this die is attached to a spiral spring which is adjusted to equal the water pressure at various depths. At a set depth the valve remains at equilibrium. If below the set depth the valve is forced in and it strikes the side of a ship.

In addition to the valve, and acting in conjunction with it, is a pendulum weight, which, connected with a small air pump known as a "servo-motor," exerts with the inclination of the torpedo a lifting force which keeps it at the surface or pulls it down to the depth of the water.

IN TURKISH CHOLERA CAMP

English Newspaper Correspondent Tells of Horrors He Witnessed at Hademkeni.

The scenes of death and desolation and despair which are part and parcel of the kingdom of the god of battles seldom have been brought so vividly to the minds of peaceful people as in the terrible realistic pictures of Turkish cholera camps and in the dispatches of hardened war correspondents, whose souls sickened at the horrors they witnessed. There were several cholera camps, but the most dreadful examples of irredeemable suffering and wholesale death, under conditions that made death a welcome friend, were seen in the main camp at Hademkeni, a short distance behind the Headquarters of Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, on the Taurus line.

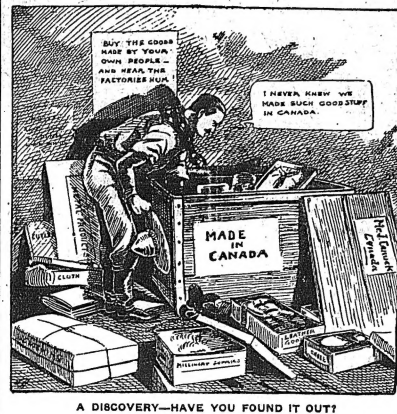
"The horrible scenes in the villages in the rear of the army pale altogether into insignificance when compared with the horrors of Hademkeni," wrote a correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, "where the remnants of the army defeated at Lule Burgas were finally rallied. Three days ago I rode over the hills from the place where I was encamped, intending to visit Hademkeni. I mounted the last of the mules which I had brought with me, and then I was brought to a standstill by the awful babel of sounds which arose from beneath me. I was gazing into the valley of the shadow of death. There is a station at Hademkeni, and a train was in the station, instead of passengers, the most wretched specimens of sick humanity seeking to escape from the dread specter. The large square in the center of Hademkeni resembled a huge cesspool of filth and death, with a constant flow of human beings in and out of it.

It was covered with the corpses of the dead and the writhing bodies of the living in all attitudes of agonizing pain, some sitting, some kneeling, some constantly shifting, some with hands buried in supplication. In some parts of the area the dead were piled in heaps; in others those still living were almost as closely packed. This appalling holocaust of misery was being constantly fed by rivulets of stretcher-bearers, bringing in fresh victims from the camps and forts, and by others who crawled in the night, under a moonlight sky, to the main camp, seeking to escape from the dread specter. The large square in the center of Hademkeni resembled a huge cesspool of filth and death, with a constant flow of human beings in and out of it.

Remember 'Em!
How modest one of those old-fashioned wooden houses—Washington Post.

Frozen Meat Diet
It would cost \$750,000 extra to feed the troops of the United Kingdom on fresh British meat instead of frozen meat, Colonel Seely stated recently.

"MADE-IN-CANADA"



A DISCOVERY—HAVE YOU FOUND IT OUT?

THE STORY OF ONE DOLLAR

What You Can Buy With It in a Big Store—"Made-in-Canada" Purchases Save Money

(Everywoman's World)

Jane thought—the process of thinking, with Jane, was worth following. She added the month's expenses again, wrinkled her pretty forehead, added them again, brushed an imaginary cobweb from her mind with a movement of her manicured fingers, and finally reached the conclusion that as far as mathematics could decide, she undoubtedly had one dollar extra.

Simultaneously with this conclusion came an instant thought to be desired vision of a white, ribbed-handkerchief 24x44, filled with chocolates, each different from the other. On the heels of this picture floated a more insistent one of the florist's shop from which a straight line lead to poor, crippled Miss Anne in the next street.

Anne won. Her love of flowers was not to be denied. In fifteen minutes Jane had got the roses that Miss Anne loved in tall vases in the sick woman's room.

The dollar bill lay in the florist's cash register with others until evening, when—as it was Saturday—it was one of ten that made up the weekly wage of Madge, who assisted in the shop.

Madge had to buy a new blouse. On her way home at eight o'clock she stopped at Graham's to look at their dollar blouses. She was fortunate. There were not only dollar blouses but three dollar blouses marked down to one. To be sure, they were very tired looking three dollar blouses and would need a considerable amount of starch before they could face the world with any degree of confidence.

But Madge liked them in spite of their flimsiness. Then the sales girl, growing sympathetic, pulled an even better looking blouse from the heap. "Where did this come from?" asked Madge looking at the \$3 lot.

"New York. I don't know how they can make such goods for \$3. And you've a chance to get it at—"

Madge's eye wandered to the next table, where \$1 blouses remained \$1 blouses. "Where did those come from?" "Right here in Toronto. Made-in-Canada goods. Now, if you want a real made at home, but not a home made blouse, you will like one of these."

Madge looked at them. The style was not a year old, as the "bargain ones were, but attractive and simple. The blouses were well made and looked as if they would wear.

"Made in Canada," repeated the salesgirl.

"Yes," assented Madge, "one of these is what I want. Was the cotton made here, too?"

She took the Made-in-Canada blouse home and was satisfied. That dollar of Madge's formed one of the seven that Arcthusa got for her wage that week.

An idea had occurred to Arcthusa. She had said, "Made-in-Canada!" for months, and only now had the slogan struck her with full force. She went into a drug store.

"Have you salicyl powder that is made in Canada?" "Yes."

"How much is it?" "Twenty cents."

"But the others are twenty-five." "Yes, but they are imported. You can beat them on the price. It is just as good but some don't think so because it is made here."

"How kind!" Why, if it's made in Canada, it's made by Canadians for Canadians."

had seen it in Canada, some one had cut it, some one in Canada had designed it. That was a made-in-Canada blouse instead of one brought across the sea. Arcthusa liked the idea.

Then she had bought a box of talcum powder because it was made in Canada. That meant that some people, perhaps some one she knew, had worked to make it in the whole-sale drugstore.

She had bought fruit grown in Canada. That made her think of the wheat and cattle of the West as well as of the peninsula we call the Garden of Canada.

Finally she had bought paper made in Canada. Arcthusa didn't know all that this meant, but perhaps you do. The paper made in Canada meant that instead of exporting the pulp-wood from the spruce of the northern forests, the wood was made into paper in Canada.

This meant great plants employing men who would have to be fed with foods produced in Canada—the wheat, beef, cheese, grapes, and apples, which literally were the first things made in Canada. They would need clothing which the country could make, as Arcthusa had seen, had she not sold clothing made in Canada? And the paper which they made would be the paper used by the farmers, the fruit growers, the manufacturers and the workers.

Truly, it all went round in a circle—a very wonderful circle.

EVERY DOLLAR Spent For CANADIAN GOODS Gives Employment to CANADIAN LABOR

KEEP OUR WORKMEN FROM BECOMING IDLE

Strengthen Orders From Canadian Factories by Buying all the Products of Canadian Labor

Suppose that we continue buying foreign made goods and allow our own workmen to fall into idleness because of a lack of orders for Canadian factories! First, we shall have this winter the evil of unemployment. What does that mean? Able-bodied men unable to find any occupation—idle, desperate, their wives and babies hungry! When conditions become serious the various towns and cities will organize relief funds and probably arrange special civic works in order to keep the unemployed enough work to keep them fed. But aside from that there would still have to be tremendous sums spent on charity. That means encouraging pauperism. Meantime the money spent on civic works is only half efficient since the time lost in distributing the work even among the unemployed is great, and the underfed workman cannot be expected to do a full day's work.

But there is an effect to be looked for even worse than this: The unemployed will begin to move. They will endure the situation until they near the end of their resources. The such of them as have the means will go to other countries—notably United States. They will go where you and I are sending our money for supplies. They will follow the money. If we send it out of Canada they will follow it. If we keep it at home we may hope to keep them here. If we don't, Canada's population will fall, the value of real estate will drop, the foreign factory will be flooded with offers of cheap labor, and so will be able to wipe out Canadian competition. Canada will receive a bad name among the working classes. Manufacturers and capitalists will be discouraged, enterprise dulled and investments lost. If Canada they do not stand together in mutual support until the month to come, Canada will receive a set-back from which it would take her years to recover.

Arcthusa went home slowly, thinking. A girl had bought a blouse from her because it was a good blouse and was made in Canada.

That meant that some other girls

TRY THIS TONIC

IT IS CONCENTRATED VITALITY

When you are weak and debilitated, it is difficult to regain your strength, because all of the organs of your body are weakened. The activity of these vital organs must be renewed, the nerve centres must be revitalized and new blood provided.

VITA-ZONE TABLETS

contain Phosphates which makes brain and nerve—Iron to enrich the blood and fill it with red corpuscles—Manganese Strychnia to stimulate the digestive organs and strengthen muscular action.

It will make you feel like new. Price, .50—3 for 1.25

STANDARD DRUG CO.

"The Prescription Drug Store"

PHONE 49

Manager's Res. 220

The News

RED DEER ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave. South.
Subscription \$1.00 per year if paid in advance.
\$.50 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.

JNO. A. CAESWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1915.

CLOSE BARS AT 7 P.M.

Under the above heading, the Calgary Herald of Wednesday last had the following pertinent remarks on the closing of bars during war time. This is more necessary in large centres where troops are stationed, and will receive the full support of the News:

"The Herald would suggest to the license department of the Alberta government that hotel bars throughout the province might well be closed every evening at seven o'clock during the continuance of the war. This suggestion is made quite apart from any general question as to the merits or demerits of a license system and has nothing to do with the question of prohibition. It is submitted as a matter of good business policy for the public of Alberta. The Herald believes that the government would have the endorsement of most if not all good citizens in bringing it about.

On several occasions lately this paper has drawn attention to the temptations in the way of young men who are in camp here, and too many of them were to be found in uniform in the hotel bars. The Herald has also urged on the public the duty of refraining from treating soldiers, or in any way tempting them, to drink.

This, however, is only one phase of the question. It is a singular fact that whether the times be good or bad, the hotel bar seems to take its toll, and since the war began it has taken a heavier toll than can be afforded by those who have paid it. It has also been commented upon that contributions from hotel keepers to the patriotic fund and other public movements have been noticeable, chiefly by their absence. The hotel bar does not believe that "it is more blessed to give than to receive."

Manitoba has put in an early closing law and it is said to be working well. The province of Alberta might well follow its example.

UNITED STATES PAYING DEBTS IN GOODS.

When the war began the United States owed Britain about \$300,000,000 on the international trade balance, says Industrial Canada. This liability was quite separate from the \$5,000,000,000 of British money invested in the United States in fixed and floating capital.

Britain sent Sir George Paish to the United States with the proposal that the \$300,000,000 be paid in gold. His mission was only partly successful. The United States quickly realized that gold paid to Britain might be spent elsewhere, in Canada for example. Consequently, the United States said to Britain: "We'll pay in goods instead of gold," and Britain is taking most of her debt out in trade. There was nothing else to do, since the international facilities for collection are necessarily limited.

But the fact remains that Canadian manufacturers might have sold more war goods to Britain if Cousin Jonathan had not defined his shrewd policy, "Take it out in trade."

DISTRICT NEWS

ASPELUND-BLINDMAN NEWS.

The Aspelund School opened again on Monday last, with Miss Bayne as teacher.

R. Amundsen has bought an International grinding outfit from C. B. Eggen, Red Deer. This makes the third outfit Mr. Eggen has sold in this district in two months.

J. B. Eggen has a business trip to Calgary on Wednesday and returned Saturday. While in the city he reports visiting the soldiers and their camp in the Exhibition Grounds.

SETTLER.

Robt. Hec has been re-appointed town constable at a salary of \$100 per month with fuel coal and light.

Judge Lees, of Red Deer, after holding court, spent the evening in nursing.

Born, January 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Armstrong, a daughter. Born, at Bonita, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred McInnes, a daughter.

R. D. Ballantyne, Sec-Treas. of the Stettler Belgian Relief Committee, has received a letter of thanks from Hector Paul Homme, treasurer of the fund, thanking him for the receipt of 30,000 pounds of flour, etc., for Belgian relief.

J. Costigan has been appointed town solicitor at a salary of \$200. Court proceedings extra.

INNISFAIR.

Trustee McLean was elected chairman of the School Board at the first meeting of the year, Jessie Stewart appointed secretary, and W. Wade treasury officer.

Mrs. C. E. Wade has been elected a school trustee for the Graftonville district. This is supposed to be a record in rural schools.

Ed. Parker, for years connected with the Innisfail Creamery, died at Edmonton on December 28th.

Dewey Barwis held the lucky key for Gilmore's kitchen cabinet. The death occurred on Thursday of Henry Bluh, brother of the late Mrs. Ralph Cooke.

At the annual meeting of the St. Andrew's Ladies' Aid Mrs. L. M. McLeod was elected President, Mrs. J. R. Westland Vice-President, Mrs. J. T. Rogers Secretary, and Mrs. W. G. Wilson Treasurer.

RIDGEWOOD.

A very pleasant social event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sills on Thursday evening last, when their second daughter, Miss Beulah, one of our most popular young ladies, was united in marriage to Mr. Chas. D. MacDuggall, one of Penhold's young men.

At the immediate relatives and a few friends of the contracting party. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Mason, pastor of the Presbyterian Church. Miss Gold Benson acted as bridesmaid, while Mr. Harvey Benson assisted the groom. The bride looked charming in a gown of sage blue with a train, and carried a bouquet of chrysanthemums, while the bridesmaid's costume was of cream chiffon, with girle and trimmings of pale blue silk. The bridal party was ushered into the elegant and gayly decorated parlor to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, played by Miss Wade. After the ceremony those present partook of a sumptuous repast. The many beautiful and valuable presents, consisting of cut glass and silverware, testified to the respect and high esteem in which the bride was held by her many friends. Mr. and Mrs. MacDuggall left for Lacombe, where they are spending a short honeymoon. Upon their return they will reside in Penhold. That they may enjoy a long and happy life, full of happiness and prosperity, is the sincere wish of their many friends at Ridgewood.

BECKVILLE.

The Beckville Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, held their installation of officers last Wednesday. The officers for 1915 are: President, Archibald Litt; Past Consul, Alfred Haason; Worthy Advisor, Dr. W. G. Evans; Banker, John E. Land; Secretary, H. Palmer; Chaplain, Physician, Dr. W. G. Evans; Watchman, C. Gustafson; Sentry, A. Lindquist; Camp Clerk, Arthur E. T. Eckford. H. Palmer and H. W. H. were elected past trustees. Date of next meeting, Wednesday, January 27th, at 8 p.m.

The general meeting of shareholders of the Beckville Improvement Co., Ltd., was held on Wednesday, January 14th, in the town hall. The following officers were re-elected: President, Dr. W. G. Evans; Treasurer, A. Litt; Secretary, Arthur E. T. Eckford. The following were elected Directors: H. Palmer and Gust. Seistrup for two years, and D. Clausen and C. Dylla for one year. E. M. Matchew was elected auditor. The financial standing of the company was considered satisfactory.

Charles Kasper has been elected to fill the vacancy on the school board created by the retirement of A. B. Koski.

Isaac Neami is re-elected Councilor for L.L.D. by a large majority. A very enjoyable dance was given last week by the Bentley Orchestra.

Rev. Mr. Shears, of Calgary, preached here last Sunday.

The dance of the season will be held in Beckville on Friday, January 29th. The Beckville Camp of Modern Woodmen of America are making the arrangements, and the services of the Bentley Orchestra have been secured.

Those who were at the dance on the 15th know what excellent dance music this orchestra furnish, and we hope they will tell their friends. Don't forget that any dance the M. W. A. had the looking after has been good. Although the expense for music is considerably increased, the admission this time will be as usual—cents 50c.

LACOMBE.

J. H. Watt captured two first prizes with his Indian game fowl at the Edmonton Show.

After an illness of ten days, Mrs. W. Reynolds died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. G. Hartley, on Monday, January 11th.

The farmers of the Lacombe district have shipped a carload of flour to the Belgian Relief Committee. Nearly \$3,000 has been subscribed to the Red Cross, Patriotic and Belgian Relief Funds.

LESLIEVILLE.

What has become of Leslieville's booster? Now, while the lumber is being rushed into the yards from the Valley Lumber Co.'s camp at the rate of 10,000 feet per day, is their opportunity to boost.

The place is certainly acquiring a prosperous air. Already two new residences have been erected on town lots, besides a spacious and much needed blacksmith shop.

Money is becoming a scarce article in our vicinity. There is little sale for farm produce for cash, and cash is what the farmers are needing. Hog buyers from Eckville have been buying up hogs around Leslieville for shipment from Eckville. What is the matter with our own shipping station? Hans' Leslieville one hustler to take up this business and keep trade at home?

There is quite a large number of hogs about the country to be disposed of in some way or other. There is no scarcity of good grain for feed, few hogs will be wintered over. Now is the time for some enterprising man to put in an appearance.

Card and Sons are busy hauling logs to their sawmill at Leslieville. They are also running a camp at their timber limit.

At last Leslieville has a good, all-round efficient blacksmith. When you want some really satisfactory work done, go to H. McLeod.

One of Leslieville's prosperous hotel keepers will confer a great favor on the public at large by taking care of a bunch of hogs, belonging to Efm & Co., which have been roaming the country all winter to the great annoyance of some who have hawks in the woods.

There is a good deal of snow for rustling, and horses which have to forage for a living soon learn to have little respect for a fence when there is no snow on the side of it. It is a simple matter to keep a bunch of horses when somebody else feeds them.

We heartily second the suggestions made in a recent letter to The News by "A Resident Observer," that the voters of L.L.D. 401 would do well to keep better posted on public matters pertaining to the district. Public officials are none the worse for the little intelligent supervision by the people they serve, and who pay their salaries. It argues a lack of interest in our own welfare when we neglect to inform ourselves on matters that concern us directly as taxpayers.

PITCOX NEWS.

At the annual meeting of the Daisy Hook School District, held on January 15th, Mr. C. A. Wells was elected to take the place of W. Huskins, who retires after 2 years' service as trustee. It was the best attended school meeting held for years in this district.

Mr. Whittle acts as secretary-treasurer. Mr. Wells as chairman and Mr. F. Selden as trustee for the coming year.

The turkey shoot held at W. Huskins' place was very well attended. It was made the occasion of a good time, many ladies being present. The ladies were entertained by Mrs. Huskins while the shoot was going on, and the gentlemen enjoyed lunch after the second event. There was some very good shooting, both by 22's and bigger rifles. In all there were eleven events.

E. Kirk carried off premier honors by taking three events, making the possible 5 bulls at 25 yards with 22 rifle. C. J. L. Lissman carried off a possible 25 off hand shooting. In the big rifle events the Edgar boys, Sam and Bob, made a good showing, taking 2 birds each out of 100 yards. The other winners were: Mr. Whittle, one; S. Murphy, one; E. Hawley, one, and L. Huskins one. Mr. Hawley was quite sporty offering to shoot Leonard who took the two. The kid won. It was a great social event, and we hope it will not be the last. W. H. was the recipient of compliments from several on the way it was conducted. We hope the Condor correspondent will take note and try and report correctly next time. It's a good time to make new resolutions. It was reported in the Advocate, so there's no excuse for him.

Quite a number of local home-steaders started off on Monday for the Valley Lumber Co.'s works, which started up again on that date, January 11th.

Mr. Whittle had an exciting time last week, his horses running away with the hay rack. In an argument with the gate post Billy came off second best. He says it was the Xmas nodding did. I don't mean what the horses had.

There was much interest aroused over the election of Councilor for 394. It was a three-cornered fight, and partisanship ran very high. A great many turned out to vote. The business of the L.L.D. seems to have been very badly handled of late, and many were anxious for a change. Party men registered their votes, and the results were as follows:

McNeil 26
S. Ejerley 13
C. A. Wells 10

We hope the new Councilor will fully realize the trust put in him as roads are the eternal question in this district.

J. H. Kittik, of Rocky Mountain House, was a visitor to Pitcox on Sunday last.

T. A. Gaetz

This is Stock-Taking Month

We find ourselves with too large a stock of Winter Goods on hand; and to clear these out before the end of the month we have

Some Very Special Prices

to offer the buying public:

Men's Mackinaw Pants

25 pairs Men's Heavy Black Mackinaw Pants. Reg. 4.00
Sale, \$2.75

Men's Mackinaw Coats

Men's Heavy Black Mackinaw Coats, leather bound pockets. Reg. 5.50.
Sale, \$3.75

Men's Check Mackinaw Coats, Reg. \$7.50.
Sale, \$5.95

Men's Sweater Coats

The buying public certainly appreciate the bargains we have been offering in this line. We have a new shipment just arrived, in all colors and sizes, which we are offering at

\$1.75, 1.50, 1.25 and 1.00

Felt Shoes

We still have a few of these goods left which we wish to clear out this month, and are offering Women's and Men's All Felt Bais, at

\$1.65

For the benefit of monthly customers, who did not understand our terms for the coming year, I wish to state that I am in a position to do business with the buying public, who will pay their monthly accounts regularly, and will appreciate these accounts, as I think a 30-day account, paid when due, is as good as cash; and I thereby include in my advertisement the following letter which I issued on the 31st day of December to my customers.

Owing to financial conditions caused by the war I find it utterly impossible to carry on my business on the liberal credit basis that I have in the past.

On January 1st, 1915, I am going to place my business on a STRICTLY THIRTY DAY BASIS. This will give me a chance to buy at the closest prices, to take all discounts, save me loss through bad debts, and enable me to sell you goods at even closer prices.

All accounts must be settled by the 15th of the following month in which they were charged. Unless settled by this time accounts will be closed, until they are paid.

I wish to thank you for your patronage during the past year and trust to be favored with the same in the year to come. In favoring me with your further patronage under the changed conditions I am sure it will be to our mutual advantage.

Yours truly,

T. A. GAETZ

Don't Miss the Real Bargains we are offering in WOMEN'S CLOTH COATS

We still have a few MEN'S FUR COATS left at prices which look good to the buying public.

To any of my customers wishing to pay their account with oats, I am offering 43c. per bushel for good feed oats on account or in trade for goods at the lowest cash price.

T. A. GAETZ, RED DEER

OLDS

There will be a carnival at the Olds skating rink on February 5th.

Olds have organized a choral society with Dr. Kenney as President and J. D. Hazelton as Secretary.

Lacombe Take the Second Game by 5-2

After a Fast and Exciting Contest

There were some of the old time crowd present at the Monarch rink on Friday night last, when Lacombe and Red Deer faced off in the second game of the League, which resulted in a win for Lacombe by 5-1, after one of the best games seen here for some time. E. Michener, M.P.P., opened the contest.

The play opened very fast. Lacombe

scoring the first goal in a few minutes. Red Deer scored their first goal after, however, and another just before the close of this period, making the score 2-1 in their favor. This ended Red Deer's scoring, while Lacombe scored 2 goals in each of the other periods, making the final score 5-2.

The first part was very fast all the way through, with Red Deer doing most of the pressing and the best hockey was played in this part.

The second part also opened fast, and Red Deer were working good, when C. Smith, cover, and C. Hewson, rover, were both felled. And right there Lacombe won their game. They immediately took advantage of the absence of two of the defense, and worked very hard, scoring two goals before Red Deer's men came on again. Red Deer's forwards also tired a little here, as they had to play both forward and defense.

The second period closed 3-2 in favor of Lacombe. At this point both Hewson and Smith's offences were very slight, and a warning would have been sufficient.

In the third part Lacombe had slightly the better of the play, and scored two more goals by hard work. Both Munn and Greene, the goalkeepers, played good games. Red Deer were shooting well all through the game, taking every chance, but they were mostly long shots and gave Munn time to see them. On the other hand, the Lacombe forwards rush right into the goal, and try very few long shots. Greene saved a lot of close-in shots, but some of them were impossible to stop.

In one case, when two of Red Deer's defense were off, two of the Lacombe forwards skated right into the net, knocking Greene down, while a third scored. Melvin repeated his pet scheme of throwing the puck in with his hand in the scrambles, but it availed him nothing.

The game was clean all the way through, and none of the penalties were serious.

The teams were much the same as last game, and lined up as follows: Lacombe—Goal, Munn; defense, Danner and Reid; rover, Melvin; centre, Fleming; right, Hall; left, Garland. Red Deer—Goal, Private Greene; defense, Carpenter and Smith; rover, Hewson; centre, C. Malcolm; right, R. Malcolm; left, Murphy.

Referee—Gould, Wetaskiwin. Judge of play—D. Smith, Red Deer. The Red Deer players had entertained the visitors after the game at the Olympia parlors.

Twenty-eight plates were set, and a very dainty repast was served. After the meal was served, W. E. Payne, President of the Red Deer Club, opened the toast list of the evening by a very neat speech.

He was followed by Messrs. Slater, Munn and Garland, of Lacombe; Mr. Gould, referee, of Wetaskiwin; and Messrs. T. A. Gaetz, Wickens, Denbury, Dr. McKenzie and Manager C. Hewson of Red Deer. The meeting broke up at 12:20 a.m.

The management of the Red Deer Hockey Club have made special arrangement with the Lacombe Rink Co. for the accommodation of the Red Deer people going to the game by special train on Friday night next. Seat tickets for the rink will be distributed on the train after leaving Red Deer.

HOCKEY NOTES

C. Hewson refereed the game at Lacombe, on Wednesday last, before



Lacombe and the Edmonton Hustlers, Lacombe winning by 4-2.

The Calgary and Edmonton papers have had contradictory reports relative to the amalgamation of the Monarchs and Chinooks. We are able to state, on the authority of J. Munn, Secretary of the A.A.H.A., that no amalgamation has taken place. The only change is that A. Bishop, of the Monarchs, goes to the Chinooks. He further appears that the manager of the Monarchs was agreeable to amalgamation, but the players were not.

A. N. McKinlay, manager of the Monarchs, was in Red Deer on Monday, and registered all his players with the Secretary of the A.A.H.A.

The Vancouver won their sixth straight game on January 8th by defeating the Victoria champions. Edmonton Hockey Club defeated the Albertas Friday night, 9-7. The game was in doubt from start to finish.

FOOTBALL

English Cup—1st Round. U. 2 South Shields 0, Fulham 1. Hurry 1, Plymouth Argyle 1.

Liverpool 3, Stockport County 0. Middlesbrough 9, Goolie Town 3. Blackpool 1, Sheffield United 2.

Derby County 1, Leeds City 2. Queens Park Rangers 2, Glossop 1. Arsenal 3, Merthyr Town 0.

Burnley 3, Huddersfield Town 1. Bolton W. 2, Notts County 1. Everton 3, Barnsley 0.

Croydon C. 0, Oldham A. 3. Bristol City 2, Cardiff City 0. Darlington 0, Bradford City 1.

Bradford 1, Portsmouth 0. Birmingham 2, Crystal Palace 2. Chelsea 1, Swindon Town 1.

Hull City 1, West Bromwich A. 0. Sheffield W. 1, Manchester U. 0. Grimsby Town 0, Northampton 3.

Swansea Town 1, Blackburn R. 0. Preston N.E. 0, Manchester City 0. Reading 0, Wolverhampton W. 1.

Aston Villa 0, Liverpool City 0. Huddersfield 2, Gillingham 0. Millwall A. 2, Clapton Orient 1.

Tottenham H. 2, Sunderland 1. Southampton 1, Luton Town 0. Brighton and H.A. 2, Lincoln City 0.

Notts Forest 1, Norwich City 4. Bristol Rovers-South End United game postponed.

ORANGEMEN INSTALL OFFICERS

Supper and Social Great Success

'Star of the North L.O.L. No. 1025, held an open meeting, Friday, January 15th, for the purpose of installing the new officers for 1915.

Bro. Rev. Mr. Benson, P. C. M., East Nipissing, Ont., and pres. W.M. of L.O.L. 1747, Olds, were the installing officers.

At the close of the installation service, brief speeches were rendered by all the newly elected officers excepting Bro. C. Lobb, who quietly retired to see that no one got away with the chicken supper waiting in the room below. W. Piper, who has been an Orangeman for close to 50 years, met with good reception. A short, but enjoyable musical programme was carried out in which Miss B. Lobb, Miss Edna Piper, Miss Warner, and Miss Weston, of Bingley, rendered very acceptable service. W. H. Hadley, a guest, also contributed two solos. At the conclusion of the social programme, an adjournment was made to the supper room, where a delicious chicken supper was partaken of and thoroughly appreciated. Dancing was afterwards indulged in, bringing to a close a very pleasant evening. Following is a list of officers:

W.M.—James Logan. D.M.—W. Howarth. Chaplain—W. Piper. Recording Secretary—F. Piper. Financial Secretary—H. England.

Treasurer—E. R. Hill. D. of C.—A. T. Bickford. Lecturer—W. Payne. Committee—Dr. Allan, C. Lobb, R. Howarth, T. Thompson.

Presbyterian Church Annual Meeting

Gratifying Progress During Past Year

The annual meeting of the congregation of Knox Church, Red Deer, which was held on Wednesday evening, was well attended and was a most enjoyable and profitable evening. The printed annual report contained a brief statement of the work of different organizations and the officers for 1915 and copies are available for members and adherents who will find them interesting reading and useful for reference.

Detailed reports were given by the officers of the different Societies and all were shown to be in a state of healthy activity.

The session placed on record its conviction of the righteousness of the cause of Great Britain and her Allies and expressed faith in the final triumph of their cause. It further expressed its belief that the deepening interest in the affairs that con-

cern our moral and spiritual welfare was due in no small measure to the widespread humiliation brought about by present conditions, the outcome of which will be easier methods in our commercial activities and a larger vision of the meaning of life. The Statistical part of the sessions report showed 35 baptisms, 22 marriages, 10 funerals and 33 additions to the membership of the church during the whole year.

The report of the Sunday School showed the average attendance for the year to be 125 scholars; while the treasurer's statement showed the school to be self-supporting and the increase in the talent had made it possible for the boys and girls to support a native missionary in India during the whole year.

The Women's Missionary Society has continued its genuine missionary policy of helping the work in the neighboring mission fields and rivaled the interest of a larger number of the women of the church in a work that was proving enjoyable and helpful to all who were sharing in it. The Mission Band is under the care of the Women's Missionary Society and is doing an important work in the education of the boys and girls of the congregation who attend the meetings.

The religious, intellectual, and social life of the young people of the church is the special field of the Young People's Society which holds its meetings every Monday evening in the Hall of the Church. The value of this Society continues to be appreciated by all the young men and women who are entering into the work of it. The financial reports of all the above Societies was satisfactory.

The report of the choir called forth expressions of gratitude to the members for their work in leading the service of praise in public worship. The genuine pleasure of all who had attended the educational entertainments secured by the choir and the hope that larger numbers would have this pleasure in the closing one on February 8th was expressed.

The report of the President and Secretary of the Ladies' Aid showed that 1914 had been one of the most successful years in the history of the Society. A special vote of appreciation of the work of this organization was placed on the minutes by the congregation. The Society is a respecter of persons and all the women of the church will find it helpful to attend the meetings and enter into the work for 1915.

The report of the Chairman of the Board of Management and the Secretary-Treasurer made reference to the Board's recognition of present circumstances and the care and economy with which the funds entrusted to them had been administered. The financial statement showed that over \$1000 had been raised for the work while over \$700 had been expended for missions. Mr. John Malcolm and Mr. Wm. Sprinckel whose term had expired, were re-elected members of the Board of Management; while the place of Mr. Wm. Robertson, who has removed to Edmonton, was filled by the election of Mr. David Bickell, who was appointed Secretary-Treasurer of the congregation for 1915.

The meeting closed with a most enjoyable social time during which refreshments were provided by the ladies.

Church of England Parish Meeting

Annual Reports Show Marked Progress

The annual parish meeting of the Lake's Church, Red Deer, was held on Wednesday evening, when crafty reports of the year's work were presented to those in attendance. Rev. W. H. Fanning-Harris, the incumbent, presided. Reports presented from the Churchwardens, the S. S. the Women's Auxiliary, the Junior W.A., the Y.P.A. and other organizations, showed substantial progress.

Over \$5000 had been raised during the year, and only \$1000 of debt now rested on the church proper. The Women's Auxiliary had raised close on \$1000 during the year. The church receipts were only \$60 less than in 1913, while the liabilities had been decreased \$1816.

Officers were elected or chosen as follows: People's Warden—Mr. Edward Wilton. Rector's Warden—Mr. J. A. Carswell.

Sidesmen—F. A. Billinchurst, A. Wool, A. G. Ayres, R. B. Wallver, W. Whalley, N. White, W. Cassels, Dr. Sanders, S. Dunbar, T. S. Miller.

Trustees Parish Hall—R. B. Wallver, N. White, A. G. Ayres, secretary.

Delegates to Synod—J. A. Carswell, A. Wood, F. A. Billinchurst, Altercates—E. Wilton, Dr. Sanders, W. Cassels.

PENHOLD

The Penhold local ladies have again made a shipment to the Calgary Red Cross, this being the third shipment; and it consisted of the following: 22 day shirts, 4 pairs socks, 8 pairs wristlets, 4 pneumonia jackets, 6 suits pyjamas, 2 nightgowns, 13 abdominal belts.

The meeting the last week took place at the house of Mrs. Hart, and the next meeting will be on Thursday at the home of Mrs. A. W. Walker. We hope there will be a large attendance, as it may be that a local branch of the Red Cross will be formed in Penhold.

Mr. Chas. McDougall and Miss H. Stiles were this last week married, and we wish them every happiness in their married life, which we hope will be both long and prosperous.

THE SALE of READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS FOR WOMEN

gives you an opportunity of securing a seasonable garment, or a Set of Furs at an enormous saving. We simply must clear these lines out now, within the next two weeks.

Peter Thompson Dresses

in good quality Navy and Black serge, Red and White braid trimmed. Misses' sizes. \$9 up to \$15 for 4.95

Military Dress

same as cut in Navy serge with Piping of Red and finished with Black Silk Braid and Brass buttons. Reg. 16.50 for 12.00

Navy Serge Dress

silk body, Plaid silk collar. Reg. 18.00 for 8.75

Shepherd Plaid Trimmed Fancy Velvet Dress. Black Silk Sash. Reg. 18.00 for 8.25

Red Corduroy Velvet, One Piece Dress trimmed with Marmot Fur. Reg. 10.00 for 6.95

Beautiful Messaline Silk Dress. collar of self material and vestee of Apricot Messaline Silk, ornamented with pretty buttons. Reg. 10.00 for 7.50

Red Crepe Dress in Basque effect, collar and cuffs of Black Messaline Silk, has pretty flare tunic with drop Skirt of Black Satin. Reg. 20.00 for 14.00

Messaline Silk Dresses. Lace Yoke, Navy, Brown, Black. Reg. 12.00 for 4.95

Serge House Dresses. Tan and Navy. Reg. 8.00 for 4.95

Ladies' Blouses

Assortment of Voile and Crepe Blouses in white and fancy styles, have new roll collar and set in sleeves, from 3.50 to 4.50 for 1.95

Fancy Messaline Crepe-de-chene and Chiffon Blouses from 4.50 to 6.95 for 3.95

Tailored Messaline Silk Blouses in Tan, Navy, Alice and Brown. Reg. 3.75 for 2.95

Flannel Waists, plain tailored style in Gray, Cream and Cardinal. Reg. 8.50 for 4.95

Ladies' Rat Coat, full furred, dark skins; shawl collar; 50 inches long. \$100 for \$65

Beautiful Rat Set, very long Throw, three drop skins in width, five tails each end, \$40 for 26.50

Large Pillow Muff to match. 16.50

Blue Wolf Collar. \$6.00 for 3.95

Blue Wolf Muff. \$6.00 for 3.95

Leopard Yoke, Collar and Muff, trimmed two heads, tails and claws. \$25.00 for 16.50

BLACK BEAVER CLOTH COATS, braid trimming and fancy frogs; full 7-8 length, Reg. 30.00 for 24.50

GREY, ASTRACHAN CLOTH, black velvet collar, piping and loops, 3-4 length. FANCY HEAVY SHAKER FINISH TWEED, Raglan shoulder. \$18.00 for 14.50

VERY HEAVY CHECKED TWEED, red and green and grey, military style, high collar. Reg. \$25.00 for \$12.50

GREY CHECK TWEED, regular shoulder, convertible collar. Reg. \$12.50 for \$7.85

Shaker Knit Sweaters. Gray, Roll Collar, sash to match. Reg. 5.50 for 5.20

Heather Mixture, " " 7.59 for 5.55

All other lines reduced proportionately.

Ladies' Aprons. Overall, Gingham and English Print, Reg. 75c. to 85c. for 65c.

Children's Coats & Dresses. Children's Coats, 8 to 14 years in Chinillias and Tweeds. Reg. 6.00 to 10.00 for 5.00

From 4 to 10 years. Reg. 6.00 for 3.50

Children's Dresses, 3 to 14 years in Serge, Tweeds and Checks, from 4.50 to 6.50 for 3.95

and 2.50 to 4.00 Dresses for 2.15



The management of the Lyric Theatre announce that they have contracted for the appearance of the "FAMOUS PLAYERS" Pictures every

TUESDAY EVENING

The celebrated "Master Key" series will appear every

FRIDAY EVENING

Usual prices.

NOTICE

COAL CONTEST

ABSOLUTELY FREE one load of coal of any kind we sell.

Call or Phone for particulars.

A. CLUTTERBUCK

Phone 19 House Phone 97

TO INSURE

in a Company you do not know is like loaning money to a stranger.

FIRE

Insurance is simply a promise to pay if you have a fire. Get the strongest company back of that promise. We represent a number of the oldest and strongest companies in the world who have stood invulnerable through war, panic and conflagration and who are paying every honest loss.

May we show you some of our policies?

John Malcolm

All Kinds of Insurance. Office: Greene Block, Corner Ross and Gaetz.

HOCKEY NOTES

C. Hewson refereed the game at Lacombe, on Wednesday last, before

MACGREGOR, FLORIST

RED DEER, ALTA.

Decorations for Banquets, Weddings and Entertainments personally supervised.

Home grown and imported Farm and Garden Seeds, selected from the most reliable seed growers.

Cut Flowers Plants Floral Designs

A fresh supply of Greenhouse grown Vegetables always on hand. Agent for CLUNY NURSERIES, Limited, Home Grown Nursery Stock.

NEW MICHENER BLOCK RED DEER

Special bargains at "THE SECONDHAND STORE"

Filling Cabinet, latest model, solid oak, cost \$45; will sell at \$35.00

Organ "BEATY", in good repair. Only \$30.00

FENCIB WIRE (smooth) 600 lbs. in sales of 45 lbs. New. Only 2 1-2 cents per lb.

Incubator & Brooder "PEERLESS", all complete, \$25.00

PIANO (English) \$90.00 Cash. Will Trade. \$18.00

Gramophone "VICTROLA", mahogany case, \$15.00 machine with 50 records ranging in price from 95c. to 3.50 each. The complete outfit almost new, going for \$75. Machine only 40.00. Will trade.

Cameras "FREMO" with full extras, good as new, cost \$32.00. Going at \$19

A large selection of New & Secondhand Furniture in stock. Best prices given.

THE SECONDHAND STORE—GAETZ AVE. N.

Bismark and the German Empire

MEN'S BROTHERHOOD

A good muster of members turned out on Sunday, January 10th, to listen to a very able address delivered by their President, H. H. Gaetz, on the above subject.

Mr. Gaetz commenced his address by relating the historic setting of Bismark's birth. Bismark was born in the year 1815. It was fitting that one who was destined to be such an outstanding figure in German history should be ushered into the world in such a historic year. It was during this year the Congress of Vienna passed what is known as the final act which embodied the constitution which federated the German states, paving the way for imperial federation, which came years later, and whose constitution was dictated by Bismark.

The German states had been humiliated by Napoleon Bonaparte, but in this very humiliation the hand of the conqueror had sown dragons' teeth, and out of the ruins of Prussia rose the giants of Prussian militarism, who in a few years were to liberate Germany from the domination of Napoleon, and later to crush the French nation under the 3rd Napoleon, and who in our day have again turned the continent of Europe into a veritable charnel house in the most hideous outburst of blood just in history.

History has taught us nothing as a people if we have not learned that every act of injustice bears within its bosom the potent and indelible seeds of retribution, and as the grain cast by the sower on a fertile field brings forth increase, so will the harvest be of tears and suffering which will sooner or later be garnered by him who has once wantonly spread injustice. 1815 was also to witness the complete overthrow and destruction of the "Army of the North" at Waterloo, an event in which the Prussians under Blucher, and the British under the Iron Duke, played so heroic a part. At the close of the war of liberation the diplomacy of interested powers effected the division of what had formerly been the German Empire into thirty-nine sovereign states, of which Austria and Prussia were parts. The treaty of Chatomont provided for loose federation of states, much to the taste of Austria, who could exercise a dominant influence by reason of her ancient imperial prestige. A Federal Diet was established as the central organ of the confederation. It must be borne in mind, however, that final act having the guarantee of the powers of Europe, the Diet was not way responsible to the people, but to the powers. It was inevitable, therefore, that there should exist between Austria and Prussia a continuous duel for supremacy. A very unequal duel it was until Bismark became the representative of Prussia at Frankfurt. From that day the supremacy of Austria began to wane. Bismark's influence was great and the civilized world bears today the imprint of his genius, and to their hurt rather than to their blessing. He blocked the stream of democracy and threw it back upon its source, and violated the natural progress of humanity, so that today in Europe idealism is shattered, civilization is tottering and humanity prostrate. He did not invent the philosophy of might is right, but he translated it into a practical working basis of national life and international relations. He taught the world the imagination of the German people, subverting their republican aspirations, violating their moral consciousness, and perverting their idealism.

He next dwelt upon Bismark's parentage and early life. Though full of tricks, he became a doctor of law in 1835 at the age of 20. At 24 years of age he was living the part of a country squire. He was elected to the Diet of Pomerania in 1845, also sitting in the Diet of Saxony. It is certain he possessed no conception of international relations which involved anything higher than might is right. He frankly chose to place his trust in blood and iron rather than in God, and having in mind the nature of these purposes, I can but commend his choice. In 1852 Frederick William III, of Prussia yielded to pressure, and proclaimed no new law would be raised without the consent of an assembly of elected representatives, and it was 25 years later that this assembly, called the States General, was summoned by Frederick IV, for the granting of a railway loan. The King thought the passing would be a mere matter of form. The assembly, however, were not to be treated like children. They had come to demand a constitution like England, and were not inclined to applaud the opening speech of the King that he would "Never allow a sheet of paper to come between him and God in Heaven," another evidence that "Papophobia" is a deep-seated Russian ailment. The revolution reached its greatest fury in 1848. Berlin was under mob rule. The King, unwilling to see his subjects killed in the streets, withdrew the troops and promised a constitution, which was hailed with delight. They had achieved a revolution, become a political people, and shown themselves the equal of England. They failed, however, to see that Bismark stood between them, the man whose trust was fixed in blood and iron. A delegation from the assembly at Frankfurt offered the Prussian King the Imperial Crown, knowing well that only the power of Prussia could unite Germany against the Republicans and the Austrian opposition. This called forth Bismark's con-

tempt, for he did not want to see Prussia lose her identity in a German unity, for he looked upon the rest of Germany as foreigners. Bismark knew it was too risky to go to war with Austria at that time, and threw his influence on the side of peace. The union failed through Austrian opposition. In the meantime the Diet of Frankfurt was restored and Bismark appointed Prussian ambassador. He went, and from that day, though it took 16 years to perfect his plans, the power of Austria was doomed. He now began to dream of a united Germany, and realized that Prussia could not hope to dominate Germany until Austria was humiliated. On William I, successor of his brother, Bismark was called to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, a position he felt fitted for. In 1863 the Schleswig-Holstein question averted rupture between Prussia and Austria. In this affair Bismark found himself in opposition to the feeling of the German states, Prussian popular sentiment, and the wishes of the King. They were all, however, united against the wishes of King Christian of Denmark. Bismark having failed to secure his purpose by diplomatic means, determined to fight, by which, if successful, he could add large territories to the Prussian Empire at the same time place Prussia in the ascendancy over the German states. The treaty of Gastein, as far as Bismark was concerned, was entered into purely for diplomatic reasons. He wanted first to make sure of Austria's isolation from Russian, Italian and French support. By complicated methods of intrigue he secured the neutrality of Russia and France, and an offensive and defensive alliance with Italy. Having made preparations by which he knew Prussia could mobilize in six weeks less time than Austria, he caused enough of the impending peril to become known to the Austrians to induce them to make preparations for war, thus bringing Prussia into the position of the defender of party and throwing the responsibility upon the Austrians, and proceeded to crush those ruthless violators of the peace. As a result of the war Schleswig-Holstein was annexed to Prussia, the way opened for the consolidation of the north German states, and his own unpopularity wiped out in the glory of conquest. His next move was to put the rest of Prussia into France. In his negotiation of peace with Austria he laid a foundation for an alliance and secured seeds of strife with his late friends. He proceeded the publication in a French newspaper that Napoleon III had demanded a portion of the south German territory in return for his friendly attitude during the war. This naturally aroused the German states against Napoleon, and a material advance was made in restoring the unity of Germany. The Spanish Succession affair was made the occasion for the humiliation of France. The famous Ems Telegram, which Bismark is accused of altering in such a manner as to become quite distorted, precipitated the war and united all the German states under the hegemony of Prussia. All these events happened in 9 years, which brought him to the age of 56. For the blood of the German race which fills my veins, you will permit me to believe that German idealism and romanticism are not dead, but will again burst forth from the bonds of cynical materialism which today confine them, and become a potent factor in the development of a nobler humanity.

A Jolly Sleigh Ride

The members of the choir of the Methodist Church spent a most enjoyable evening at the Indian Industrial School last Wednesday as guests of Rev. Mr. Woodworth and his staff. Thanks to Mr. Hugh Bowser, the round trip was made in a cozy sleigh behind one of Hovey Bros.' sleighs. The sleigh was heavily snowed off that afternoon, the going was slow, but would not have been so bad if the ladies had not entertained so much sympathy for horses and so little for the men. The men volunteered to walk up the hills, but some of the ladies insisted that the slightest noticeable grade was a hill, therefore the men should walk. Accordingly, just within sight of the school, the team had to be stopped to wait the coming up of the rear-guard. Mr. Johns claimed he walked a mile and a half, which proves he has some hills in this part of the country.

Upon arriving at the school, a hearty welcome was extended the party by Mr. Woodworth and staff, and preceded by the pupils of the school, we all made our way to the schoolroom, where the pupils entertained the choir in splendid fashion. A company of cadets armed with hockey sticks, representing rifles, gave a very creditable drill. They wore neat uniforms, and under the command of one of their own officers went through their paces with splendid precision and soldierly bearing. The entire school then sang two choruses in a hearty manner. Mr. Woodworth playing the accompaniment and Mr. Johnson conducting. The choir then took their places on the platform and gave a short programme, consisting of a number of choruses containing solos, duets and quartettes. The single numbers comprised vocal solos by Misses Forrester and Yates and W. F. Harris, and club singing by E. G. Johns. Mr. Welton, choir director, compli-

mented the pupils on their chorus singing and the cadets on their good marching and smartness in the drill, all of which was thoroughly enjoyed by the choir. Mr. Woodworth thanked the choir for the programme rendered and assured them that it had been a treat. After the singing of the National Anthem, the pupils were dismissed in this impressive manner: They stood up in the aisles facing the Principal, who said "Good Night, Girls," and the response came promptly and in unison. "Good Night, Mr. Woodworth." Then the command, "Turn! Forward," and the girls marched off to their dormitories. Then the same "Good Night" was exchanged between the Principal and the boys when they also retired.

The party was then conducted to the dining hall, where further enjoyable entertainment was provided by the staff. Information regarding the management of the school brought out the fact that 100 loaves of bread per day are baked; most of the meat is raised right on the farm; the pupils are given all training, clothing, board and everything required absolutely free until the age of eighteen, when they are returned to their homes. One could not help being impressed by the great influence for good of such an institution on the lives of these young boys and girls by surrounding them with such a wholesome environment, and as proof of their genuine happiness one needs only to look into their bright and happy faces.

Mr. Woodworth and his staff had made most generous preparations for the feeding of this jolly party after their trip into the pure air of the country, and it need hardly be said that this part of the entertainment was enjoyed by all. Mr. Johns was delegated by the President to express the thanks of the choir for the delightful entertainment given, and in response Mr. Woodworth assured the choir that their visit had been a pleasure to all at the school, and he extended a hearty invitation to the choir to come again.

The return trip proved delightful, and the coming will always be a pleasant memory to those who participated.

MEN OF SUBSTANCE

SERVING THE KING

Sons of Wealthy Canadian Families Enlisted as Privates—Professional Men in Rank

As with Great Britain, so with Canada, the call to arms met with a keen response from the ranks of the millionaires and the "well-to-do." In Britain the casualty lists prove the untiring disposal of the rich. Illustrative of the spirit which impelled Canada's rich or "well off" citizens to place their personal services at the disposal of the King is an authenticated story from Eastern Ontario. A young lieutenant of 30 years of age, a millionaire in his own right, was one of the first to enlist. His family opposed the idea vigorously, but to no avail. "If I, a trained man, refuse to go to war, what sort of example would I offer the rest of Canadians?" he demanded. On the day when the troops embarked for Valcartier his brother went to the railway station and offered to equip an entire regiment at his own expense. If the young lieutenant would stay behind, "That would be good," replied the officer, "but it has nothing to do with duty."

In such commercial centres as Toronto and Montreal the evidences of patriotism on the part of scions of well known families stand out plainly. No fewer than three sons of Mr. Clarence J. McCuaig, a Montreal financier of wide reputation, are in the army serving on active service. Sons of the two partners of Hanson Brothers, bankers, are also serving. Major Norworthy, Captain J. K. L. Ross, and a score of other influential names could be listed, showing the extent of participation by leaders of the financial community. Instances are not uncommon where Montreal officers are assigned to commands where a brother or a nephew is a private in the ranks.

Toronto shows and imposing list of a similar character. Sons of judges are acting as privates, and young men brought up with every luxury are swallowing the hardships of the military camp and rolling in a blanket on the battle bed. A few names selected from a long list express the point better than description: Victor Vandermolen, Lawton Ridout, T. J. Delamare, son of Col. Delamare, Barran Nevitt, son of Dr. Nevitt; Roy Nordheimer, Dr. John Colquhoun, Prof. A. W. M. Ellis, Harold Shepard, Roger and Eric Popler, sons of B. E. P. Popler of Barrie; Hugh Ince, two sons of Sir John Gibson, two sons of Lockhart Gordon, Douglas Mason, and these are only typical of many others.

Such men as Colonel Mercer, commanding the Queen's Own; Colonel Turner, of Quebec; Colonel Currie of the Highlanders; Colonel J. E. Colcoe, of Welland; Colonel A. C. Macdonald, of Winnipeg, are well known as successful professional and business men.



Money Well Employed

There are opportunities to put your surplus funds to profitable use without indulging in dangerous speculations. An ad. in our Classified Want Columns will put you into communication with borrowers who have good security, and who are willing to pay good interest for accommodation.

DISSOLUTION SALE

McLEAN BROS., Red Deer

The Prices contained in posters of last week still stand, with the following

Extra Specials

for the balance of this month.

Ribbons

SOME JOB LINES JUST IN!!!

Standard colors in Taffeta, 5 ins. wide, Reg. 3.00 for 15c. Yd.

DRESDEN RIBBONS

3 ins. wide, 16 colors - Reg. 25c. for 15c.

5 ins. wide, 6 colors - Reg. 60c. for 25c.

Towels Turkish Towels, natural color, Reg. 50c. for 35c.

Men's Shirts Negligee Shirts, hard cuffs, good patterns, Reg. \$1.25 for 49c.

Men's Underwear Odd sizes and lines to clear out; all wool and heavy, Reg. 1.25 & 1.50 for 78c.

Men's Sweater Coats Various colors and weights, Pullovers or Coats - Reg. 1.50 for 75c.

Embroideries

Secured at a Job Price, and marked low for a quick turnover.

45 in. Flouncing, Swiss Cambrio and Muslin, Reg. 1.50 for 75c.

Reg. 1.25 for 50c.

27 in. Flouncing - Reg. 75c. for 40c.

Reg. 75c. for 50c.

24 in. Flouncing - Reg. 60c. for 35c.

18 in. Flouncing - Reg. 50c. for 30c.

Allover Embroideries

21 in. Fine Swiss Muslin - Reg. 75c. for 50c.

Reg. 60c. for 35c.

Swiss Insertions and Embroideries, 3 to 6 ins. wide, Reg. 20c. for 10c.; Reg. 30c. for 15c.

Insertions, 2 to 3 ins. wide - Reg. 10c. for 2½c.

Anderson's Gingham

5000 yds. to clear. REG. 20C.

The best brand made; guaranteed fast colors; 32½ ins. wide; pinks, blues, greens, greys and tans. Don't wait! You know how fast we sell them.

For 10c. Yd.

HOCKEY BOOTS

Men's Hockey Boots

McPherson's make, lightning quick, ankle supports, and everything to make a good boot. Regular 3.75 for \$3.00

Boys' Hockey Boots

Regular 3.00 for \$2.65

Ladies' Hockey Boots

The same make. Regular 3.25 for \$2.65

Misses' Hockey Boots

Regular 2.75 for \$2.00

GROCERIES

Tomatoes, British Canadian, extra fancy, tin 11c.
Corn, " " " " tin 10c.
Beans, " " " " tin 10c.
Pumpkin, " " " " tin 10c.
Spinach, " " " " tin 13c.

Asparagus, Griffin's, 2s tin 15c.
Smoked Ham, half or whole, per lb. 15c.

FLOUR, 2.75, 3.05, 3.35

BRITISH CANADIAN BRAND has no Equal for QUALITY
Our personal guarantee stands behind every tin of these goods that we sell.

McLEAN BROS.,

THE BUSY STORE

RED DEER, ALBERTA

